

HAB MONITORING REPORT

From: 8/6/2018 To: 8/6/2018

Fish and Wildlife Research Institute



Collected by: Volunteer(s)
 Collecting agency: EBAP
 Sample condition: Preserved

HAB ID	Location	County	Lat/Lon (DD.dddd)	Time	Depth (m)	Temp (C)	Sal (ppt)	DO (mg/L)	pH	Species	cells/liter
HABW180807-024 FDEP EBV001 8/6/2018	Matanzas Pass (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.4577 -81.9532	07:33	0.5	30.40	29.32	4.88	8.16		
<p>Analyzed by: Henschen, K. on 8/8/2018</p> <p>Comments: Winds NE @ 0-1 mph, sunny, air temp 24.7 C; tide incoming; secchi = 1.5 m; water color yellow-brown</p>											
										<i>Karenia brevis</i>	1,189,020
										<i>Pseudo-nitzschia spp.</i>	23,667
										<i>Pyrodinium bahamense</i>	0
HABW180807-025 FDEP EBV003 8/6/2018	Estero River; mouth of (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.4294 -81.8580	07:00	0.5	30.50	29.35	4.84	8.18		
<p>Analyzed by: Henschen, K. on 8/7/2018</p> <p>Comments: Winds NE @ 2-3 mph, sunny, air temp 26.8 C; tide high slack; secchi = 0.7 m; water color green-brown</p>											
										<i>Karenia brevis</i>	72,333
										<i>Pseudo-nitzschia spp.</i>	0
										<i>Pyrodinium bahamense</i>	0
HABW180807-026 FDEP EBV004 8/6/2018	Carl Johnson Park Boat Ramp (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.3936 -81.8655	06:15	0.5	30.30	32.36	2.39	8.30		
<p>Analyzed by: Henschen, K. on 8/7/2018</p> <p>Comments: Winds NE @ 2-3 mph, partly cloudy, air temp 24.4 C; tide incoming; secchi = 0.9 m; water color dark brown; dead fish, chunks of brown things ?, putrid smell</p>											
										<i>Karenia brevis</i>	2,852,850
										<i>Pseudo-nitzschia spp.</i>	31,667
										<i>Pyrodinium bahamense</i>	0
HABW180807-027 FDEP EBV005 8/6/2018	Pelican Bay Nature Park Pier (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.3584 -81.8375	06:55	0.5	31.50	30.52	14.17	8.21		
<p>Analyzed by: Henschen, K. on 8/7/2018</p> <p>Comments: Winds NE @ 2-3 mph, sunny, trace of precipitation, air temp 26.2 C; tide incoming; secchi = 1.05 m; water color yellow-green</p>											
										<i>Karenia brevis</i>	1,087,940
										<i>Pseudo-nitzschia spp.</i>	6,000
										<i>Pyrodinium bahamense</i>	0

NOTE: Blank field = not measured

HAB ID Original ID Sample Date	Location	County	Lat/Lon (DD.dddd)	Time	Depth (m)	Temp (C)	Sal (ppt)	DO (mg/L)	pH	Species	cells/liter
HABW180807-028 FDEP EBV006 8/6/2018	Coon Key; N of (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.4287 -81.8832	06:53	0.5	29.90	27.87	5.62	8.24		
Analyzed by: Henschen, K. on 8/7/2018										<i>Karenia brevis</i>	1,392,510
Comments: Winds E @ 4-7 mph, sunny, air temp 25.6 C; tide high slack; secchi = 1.15 m; water color dark brown; lots of floating macro-algae (green and grey blobs), dead fish, dead sea grass and stinky										<i>Pseudo-nitzschia spp.</i>	0
										<i>Pyrodinium bahamense</i>	0
HABW180807-029 FDEP EBV007 8/6/2018	Mound House Dock (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.4462 -81.9272	07:00	0.5	30.40	28.87	2.99	8.03		
Analyzed by: Henschen, K. on 8/7/2018										<i>Karenia brevis</i>	1,500,240
Comments: Winds E @ 2-3 mph, partly cloudy, 0.83 in. precipitation in last 24 hours, air temp 23.5 C; tide incoming; secchi =1.5 m; water color red-brown, dead fish and dead fish odor										<i>Pseudo-nitzschia spp.</i>	20,667
										<i>Pyrodinium bahamense</i>	0
HABW180807-030 FDEP EBERS2 8/6/2018	Estero River; upstream	Lee	26.4386 -81.8400	07:20	0.5	30.50	10.16	4.69	7.79		
Analyzed by: Henschen, K. on 8/7/2018										<i>Karenia brevis</i>	0
Comments: Wind E @ 0-1 mph, sunny, 0.2 in. precipitation in last 24 hrs, air temp 24.6 C; tide incoming; secchi = 1.7 m; water color green-brown										<i>Pseudo-nitzschia spp.</i>	0
										<i>Pyrodinium bahamense</i>	0

Description	<i>Karenia brevis</i> abundance	Possible effects (<i>Karenia brevis</i> only)
NOT PRESENT - BACKGROUND	0 - 1,000 cells/L	no effects anticipated
VERY LOW	> 1,000 - 10,000 cells/L	possible respiratory irritation; shellfish harvesting closures \geq 5,000 cells/L
LOW	> 10,000 - 100,000 cells/L	respiratory irritation; possible fish kills; probable detection of surface chlorophyll by satellites at upper range of cell abundance
MEDIUM	> 100,000 - 1,000,000 cells/L	respiratory irritation; probable fish kills; detection of surface chlorophyll by satellites
HIGH	> 1,000,000 cells/L	as above, plus water discoloration

The above report is distributed by the Harmful Algal Bloom (HAB) Group at the Fish and Wildlife Research Institute of the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. The report is intended to (1) provide timely information on HABs in Florida waters to partner agencies and (2) facilitate communication among individuals who direct response activities to address public health concerns. We report on the abundance of [Karenia brevis](#), [Pyrodinium bahamense](#) and [Pseudo-nitzschia](#) species. *Karenia brevis*, the Florida red tide organism, produces neurotoxins called brevetoxins that can kill fish and other marine life. Brevetoxins may cause respiratory irritation in beachgoers and Neurotoxic Shellfish Poisoning in humans that consume contaminated shellfish. *Pyrodinium bahamense* produces saxitoxins that can cause Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning or Saxitoxin Puffer Fish Poisoning in humans if contaminated shellfish or puffer fish are consumed. Some, but not all, species of *Pseudo-nitzschia* produce domoic acid, which can cause Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning in humans if contaminated shellfish are consumed. Blooms of *Pseudo-nitzschia* spp. (\geq 1,000,000 cells/L) frequently occur in Florida's marine and estuarine waters. For information on red tide related human health issues, please refer to the [Department of Health Aquatic Toxins Program](#).

[State-wide status reports](#) of *Karenia brevis* abundance including interactive Google Maps are provided weekly by our group. [Shellfish harvesting area status maps](#) are provided by the Division of Aquaculture. Gulf Coast beach conditions can be found at [Mote Marine Laboratory's Beach Conditions Report](#). A full list of red tide related hotlines and information sources can be found [here](#). Data for other species can be requested at any time by sending an inquiry to HABData@MyFWC.com. To learn more about HAB monitoring and research in Florida, please visit MyFWC.com/RedTide and Facebook.com/FLHABs.

DISCLAIMER: While every practical step has been taken to provide accurate information in these reports, the need for rapid distribution precludes extensive review. Further, reports are generated with limited interpretation and do not necessarily reflect all scientific observations.

